

Coordinated Specialty Programs

Including CATS, EASA, IOSS, IIBHT and ACT

Dates Reviewed: 1/27/2021

Developed By: Medical Necessity Criteria Committee

I. Description

Coordinated Specialty Programs provide an organized, team-based treatment program for individuals and families experiencing a mental health crisis, severe mental health symptoms, and/or severe mental illness. Coordinated Specialty Programs consist of the following programs:

- Crisis and Transition Services (CATS) is a specialized program that helps divert children and youth
 from inpatient psychiatric hospitalization or ED boarding. Upon request from the ED or crisis clinic,
 the provider meets the family onsite, completes an evaluation and if all parties agree, assists in
 making the home safe and provides intensive transitional care. This includes psychiatry, skillbuilding, family therapy, family peer counseling, and care coordination to connect with ongoing
 supports. CATS programs operate under a Certificate of Approval from the Oregon Health
 Authority.
- Early Assessment and Support Alliance (EASA) provides treatment of psychosis for youth and young adults experiencing a first break. It offers a team-based approach, mobile outreach, engagement support, psychiatry, peer support, educational and vocational support, counseling and skill building.
- Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) is an evidence-based treatment for individuals with severe
 mental illness who have difficulty engaging in traditional mental health services. It helps stabilize
 people in the community and reduce admissions to higher levels of care or contacts with law
 enforcement. ACT services are provided in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rule 309-0190225 through 309-019-0255.
- Intensive Outpatient Services and Supports (IOSS) is an intensive outpatient program for children/youth and their families. IOSS may be provided in the home, school, clinic or other location and provides therapy, skills training and care coordination. IOSS services are provided in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rule 309-019-0165.
- Intensive In-Home Behavioral Health Treatment (IIBHT) provides an intensive service level to a
 child and family in the home, including 24/7 crisis response, therapy, family peer support, and
 psychiatry. IIBHT services are provided in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rule 309-0190167.

II. Criteria: CWQI BHC-0016A – Crisis and Transition Services (CATS)

- A. Moda Health considers **Admission** to CATS medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Program meets **ALL** of the following requirements:
 - i. Program is appropriately licensed under Chapter 309 of Oregon Administrative Rules.
 - ii. Program is approved and/or contracted with the Oregon Health Authority to provide CATS services.
 - iii. Program provides the following essential service elements
 - 1. Safety planning and lethal means counseling
 - 2. 24/7 crisis availability including in person as appropriate
 - 3. Individual and/or family therapy
 - 4. Family peer support services
 - 5. Care coordination and case management, including linkage to ongoing care on closure from CATS
 - 6. Psychiatric evaluation and transitional medication management as appropriate
 - iv. Contacts during the intensive phase are scheduled to be as frequent as is necessary for the goals of the project to occur, in person as much as possible, but no less than twice per week.
 - 2. Patient is referred by an emergency department (ED) or crisis center.
 - 3. Patient is experiencing a mental health crisis.
 - 4. Patient is assessed as at risk for ED boarding or admission to a higher level of care.
 - 5. Patient has the potential to safely return home if adequate supports are put in place.
- B. Moda Health considers **continued care** in CATS medically necessary when ALL of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Patient and/or family remain actively engaged in services.
 - 2. Patient has not yet achieved the goals of the individualized service plan and has the potential to do so.
- C. Moda Health considers discharge from CATS appropriate when ANY of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Patient is no longer making progress and referral to other services in lieu of CATS is appropriate.
 - 2. Patient is discharged to a higher level of care.
 - 3. Patient has achieved the goals of the individualized service plan including ALL of the following:
 - i. Factors contributing to the current crisis have been identified and are addressed by some combination of the following:
 - 1. The patient is no longer having suicidal or aggressive behavior, ideation, or behavioral challenges that affect safety of the youth, family, or others.
 - 2. Symptoms are managed via connection to commensurate supports, services, and skill-development opportunities.
 - 3. The patient and family report increased safety and confidence in managing the current and future crises.
 - 4. The patient and family report decreased frequency and intensity of crisis situations
 - ii. Patient and family have a safety plan in place that includes a lock box or other methods of means restriction and harm reduction
 - iii. Patient and family have increased access and connection to long-terms supports, as evidenced by ANY of the following:
 - 1. A provider has been identified for ongoing behavioral health care and an appointment has been scheduled;

- 2. The patient & family have attended an appointment with a follow-up care provider and identify the ongoing care as appropriate to their needs.
- iv. Patient and Family have increased access and connection to other services and resources to help them maintain stability and ongoing recovery.

III. Criteria: CWQI BHC-0016B - Early Assessment and Support Alliance (EASA)

- A. Moda Health considers **Admission** to EASA medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Program is approved by the Oregon Health Authority to provide outpatient mental health services and designated by its Local Mental Health Authority as an EASA program.
 - 2. Patient is between the ages of 12-25.
 - 3. Patient has had a first episode of psychosis within the past 12 months; OR is experiencing early at-risk symptoms for psychosis.
- B. Moda Health considers **continued care** in EASA as medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Patient remains engaged in services.
 - 2. Patient has not yet achieved the goals of the individualized service plan and has the potential to do so. If patient is not making progress, service plan is modified to address barriers.
- C. Moda Health considers discharge from EASA appropriate when ANY of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Patient is no longer engaged in services and attempts to re-engage patient have been unsuccessful.
 - 2. Continued services are no longer expected to produce clinical benefit.
 - 3. Patient has achieved the goals of the individualized service plan, has developed a relapse prevention plan, and is engaged with ongoing care as appropriate.

IV. Criteria: CWQI BHC-0016C – Assertive Community Treatment (ACT)

- A. Moda Health considers **Admission** to ACT medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Program complies with the requirements of Oregon Administrative Rules 309-019-0225 through 309-019-0255.
 - 2. Patient meets ALL of the following:
 - i. Patient is diagnosed with a serious and persistent mental illness; or with another mental health condition with significant long-term disability.
 - ii. Patient has significant functional impairments as demonstrated by **ANY** of the following:
 - 1. Significant difficulty independently performing the range of practical daily living tasks required for basic adult functioning in the community;
 - 2. Significant difficulty maintaining consistent employment at a self-sustaining level or significant difficulty consistently carrying out tasks of maintaining a household;
 - 3. Significant difficulty maintaining a safe living situation (e.g., repeated evictions or loss of housing).
 - iii. Patient has **ANY** of the following problems, indicating continuous high service needs (e.g., greater than eight hours per month):
 - 1. High use of acute care psychiatric hospitals or emergency departments for psychiatric reasons, including psychiatric emergency services;
 - 2. Persistent, severe psychiatric symptoms;
 - 3. Coexisting substance abuse disorder of significant duration;

- 4. High risk or recent history of criminal justice involvement;
- 5. Significant difficulty meeting basic survival needs, residing in substandard housing, homelessness, or imminent risk of becoming homeless;
- 6. Residing in an inpatient or supervised community residence in the community where ACT services are available, but clinically assessed to be able to live in a more independent living situation if intensive services are provided or requiring a residential or institutional placement if more intensive services are not available;
- 7. Difficulty effectively utilizing traditional office-based outpatient services.
- B. Moda Health considers continued care in ACT medically necessary when ALL of the following are met:
 - 1. The patient has not progressed enough in treatment to be safely and effectively treated at a lower level of care, or there has been an emergence of additional problems that meet admission criteria.
 - 2. The patient is actively participating in treatment or the treatment plan includes strategies to engage the patient.
 - 3. Treatment goals can be clearly identified and described in objective terms.
- C. Moda Health considers discharge from ACT appropriate when ANY of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. The patient's condition has improved to the point where treatment can be provided safely and effectively at a lower level of care, a gradual transition has been implemented, and appropriate follow-up services are in place.
 - 2. The patient is not making progress toward treatment goals at the current level of care and continued engagement is unlikely to produce clinical benefit.

V. Criteria: CWQI BHC-0016D – Intensive Outpatient Services and Supports (IOSS)

- A. Moda Health considers **Admission** to IOSS medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Program is licensed under Oregon Administrative Rule 309-019-0165.
 - 2. Patient has an active psychiatric diagnosis which requires therapeutic intervention.
 - 3. The patient is at risk to self or others due to suicidal or homicidal ideation, risk-taking, self-endangering behavior, aggression, loss of impulse control, significantly impaired judgment, or significant role failure.
 - 4. The patient cannot be treated safely and effectively at a lower level of care.
- B. Moda Health considers continued care in IOSS medically necessary when ALL of the following are met:
 - 1. The patient has not progressed enough in treatment to be safely and effectively treated at a lower level of care, or there has been an emergence of additional problems that meet admission criteria.
 - 2. The patient is actively participating in treatment and is expected to improve to a point where a lower level of care is appropriate.
 - 3. Treatment intensity (including number of days per week) is appropriately titrated to the patient's clinical needs and level of independence.
 - 4. Progress in meeting treatment goals can be clearly demonstrated and described in objective terms, or changes in interventions are implemented when there is a lack of progress.
 - 5. Treatment is coordinated with other outpatient providers.
 - 6. Discharge planning begins at admission and is continuously updated throughout treatment.
- C. Moda health considers discharge from IOSS appropriate when ANY of the following are met:
 - 1. Treatment plan goals appropriate to the current level of care have been met and appropriate followup services and supports are in place.

- 2. The patient's condition has improved to the point where treatment can be provided safely and effectively at a lower level of care.
- 3. The patient is not making progress toward treatment goals at the current level of (unless a recent treatment plan change is reasonably expected to resolve the lack of progress).

VI. Criteria: CWQI BHC-0016E – Intensive In-Home Behavioral Health Treatment (IIBHT)

- A. Moda Health considers **Admission** to IIBHT medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Provider is licensed under Oregon Administrative Rule 309-019-0167.
 - 2. Patient requires intensive services and supports due to ANY of the following:
 - i. Patient is at immediate risk of psychiatric hospitalization or removal from home due to emotional and mental health conditions.
 - ii. Patient has severe mental health conditions and may require residential treatment or is discharging from residential treatment or higher levels of care.
 - iii. Patient exhibits behavior that indicates high risk of developing conditions of a severe or persistent nature.
 - iv. Patient is experiencing mental health conditions that significantly affect the patient's ability to function in everyday life.
 - 3. The patient cannot be treated safely and effectively at a lower level of care.
- B. Moda Health considers **continued care** in IIBHT medically necessary when **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. The patient has not progressed enough in treatment to be safely and effectively treated at a lower level of care, or there has been an emergence of additional problems that meet admission criteria.
 - 2. The patient is actively participating in treatment and is expected to improve to a point where a lower level of care is appropriate.
 - 3. Progress in meeting treatment goals can be clearly demonstrated and described in objective terms, or changes in interventions are implemented when there is a lack of progress.
- C. Moda Health considers discharge from IIBHT appropriate when ANY of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. Treatment plan goals appropriate to the current level of care have been met and appropriate followup services and supports are in place.
 - 2. The patient's condition has improved to the point where treatment can be provided safely and effectively at a lower level of care.
 - 3. The patient is not making progress toward treatment goals at the current level of care (unless a recent treatment plan change is reasonably expected to resolve the lack of progress).

VII. Information Submitted with the Prior Authorization Request:

- 1. For initial authorization, **one or more** of the following:
 - Initial assessment and treatment plan, including diagnosis, relevant psychosocial history, substance use evaluation, current functioning and risk factors, initial treatment goals and interventions;
 - b. Referral information indicating patient is reasonably likely to meet program criteria.
- 2. For continued authorization, **all** of the following:
 - a. Treatment goals;

- b. Treatment interventions, including frequency and duration;
- c. Patient response to treatment, including engagement and progress toward identified goals;
- d. Discharge planning.

VIII. CPT or HCPCS codes covered:

Codes	Description	
H0037	Community psychiatric supportive treatment program, per diem (IOSS)	
S9485	Crisis intervention mental health services, per diem (CATS)	
S9484	Crisis intervention mental health services, per hour (CATS)	
H0023	Behavioral health outreach service (planned approach to reach a	
	targeted population) (IIBHT)	
H2016	Comprehensive community support services, per diem (EASA)	
H0039	Assertive community treatment, face-to-face, per 15 minutes (ACT)	
H0040	Assertive community treatment program, per diem (ACT)	

IX. CPT or HCPCS codes NOT covered:

Codes	Description

X. Annual Review History

Review Date	Revisions	Effective Date
1/27/2021	New criteria.	4/15/2021

XI. References

- Melton, R. et al. Practice Guidelines for Oregon Early Assessment and Support Alliance (EASA). 2013. Accessed 2020/12/15 at https://easacommunity.org/PDF/Practice%20Guidelines%202013.pdf
- 2. <u>Oregon Administrative Rules, chapter 309.</u> 2020. Accessed 2020/12/31 at https://secure.sos.state.or.us/oard/displayChapterRules.action?selectedChapter=88.

- 3. Unatributed authorship. *CATS--Essential Elements*. Accessed 2020/12/31 at https://www.ohsu.edu/sites/default/files/2020-03/Essential%20Elements%20v.%201.2-Adopted%20%28002%29.pdf
- 4. Magers, J. et. al. *Oregon Crisis and Transition Services (CATS) Program Practice Guidelines, Version 1.* 2020. Unpublished manuscript.
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Assertive Community Treatment: Building Your Program. DHHS Pub. No. SMA-08-4344, Rockville, MD: Center for Mental Health Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2008. Accessed 2020/12/31 at https://store.samhsa.gov/product/Assertive-Community-Treatment-ACT-Evidence-Based-Practices-EBP-KIT/SMA08-4344.
- 6. Bond GR, Drake RE. The critical ingredients of assertive community treatment. *World Psychiatry*. 2015;14(2):240-242. doi:10.1002/wps.20234. Accessed 2020/12/31 at https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4471983/.

Appendix 1 – Applicable Diagnosis Codes:

Codes	Description
F01 through F99	Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

Jurisdiction(s): 5, 8	NCD/LCD Document (s):	
N/A		

NCD/LCD Document (s):	
N/A	

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions			
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor	
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC	