

Lumizyme® (alglucosidase alfa) (Intravenous)

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I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for 12 months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Lumizyme 50 mg vial: 46 vials every 14 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- 230 billable units every 14 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria^{1,4,7,8}

Site of care specialty infusion program requirements are met (refer to [Moda Site of Care Policy](#)).

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

Universal Criteria

Pompe disease (Acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) deficiency) †

- Diagnosis has been confirmed by one of the following:
 - Deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity; **OR**
 - Detection of biallelic pathogenic variants in the GAA gene by molecular genetic testing; **AND**
- Documented baseline values for one or more of the following:
 - Infantile-onset disease: muscle weakness, motor function, respiratory function, cardiac involvement, percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC), and/or 6 minute walk test (6MWT); **OR**
 - Late-onset (non-infantile) disease: FVC and/or 6MWT

† FDA approved indication(s)

IV. Renewal Criteria^{1,4,7,8}

Authorizations can be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: anaphylaxis and hypersensitivity reactions, immune-mediated cutaneous reactions, systemic immune-mediated reactions, acute cardiorespiratory failure, cardiac arrhythmia and sudden cardiac death during general anesthesia, etc.; **AND**
- No evidence that patient has developed IgG antibodies to alglucosidase alfa at a sustained titer level of $\geq 12,800$; **AND**
- Patient has demonstrated a beneficial response to therapy compared to pretreatment baseline in one or more of the following:
 - Infantile-onset disease: stabilization or improvement in muscle weakness, motor function, respiratory function, cardiac involvement, FVC, and/or 6MWT
 - Late-onset (non-infantile) disease: stabilization or improvement in FVC and/or 6MWT

V. Dosage/Administration^{1,7,8}

Indication	Dose
Pompe disease	20 mg/kg administered as an intravenous (IV) infusion every 2 weeks

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code:

- J0221 – Injection, alglucosidase alfa, (Lumizyme), 10 mg; 1 billable unit = 10 mg

NDC:

- Lumizyme 50 mg single-use vial for injection: 58468-0160-xx

VII. References

1. Lumizyme [package insert]. Cambridge, MA; Genzyme Corporation.; May 2019. Accessed January 2020.
2. Cupler EJ, Berger KI, Leshner RT, et al. Consensus treatment recommendations for late-onset Pompe disease. *Muscle Nerve*. 2012 Mar; 45(3):319-33. doi: 10.1002/mus.22329. Epub 2011 Dec 15.
3. Kishnani PS, Steiner RD, Bali D, et al. Pompe disease diagnosis and management guidelines. *Genet Med* 2006; 8:267-88.
4. Nancy L, Bailey L. Pompe Disease. GeneReviews. www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1261/ (Accessed on August 11, 2018).

5. Tarnopolsky M, Katzberg H, Petrof BJ, et al. Pompe Disease: Diagnosis and Management. Evidence-Based Guidelines from a Canadian Expert Panel. *Can J Neurol Sci.* 2016 Jul;43(4):472-85.
6. Kishnani PS, Hwu WL, et al. Introduction to the Newborn Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment for Pompe Disease Guidance Supplement. *Pediatrics* 2017 Jul;(1):S1-S3.
7. van der Ploeg AT, Clemens PR, Corzo D, et al. A randomized study of alglucosidase alfa in late-onset Pompe's disease. *N Engl J Med.* 2010 Apr 15;362(15):1396-406. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa0909859.
8. Nicolino M, Byrne B, Wraith JE, et al. Clinical outcomes after long-term treatment with alglucosidase alfa in infants and children with advanced Pompe disease. *Genet Med.* 2009 Mar;11(3):210-9. doi: 10.1097/GIM.0b013e31819d0996.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
E74.02	Pompe disease

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), and Articles may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/Articles): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC